## AAU - Microeconomics (ECO 120/2) - Spring 2010

1. Fill in the table below if you know that each worker's wage is 10 .

| Number of <br> Workers | Output <br> (Quantity) | Marginal <br> Product of <br> Labor | Cost of <br> Factory | Cost of <br> Workers | Total Cost <br> of Inputs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | - | 30 |  |  |
| 1 | 50 |  | 30 |  |  |
| 2 | 90 |  | 30 |  |  |
| 3 | 120 |  | 30 |  |  |
| 4 | 140 |  | 30 |  |  |
| 5 | 150 |  | 30 |  |  |

Draw the production function.

2. Suppose the following table includes the partial cost numbers for a firm. Based on your knowledge of the firm's cost structure, fill in the missing values in the table for the firms cost curves.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | FC | VC | TC | MC | AFC | AVC | ATC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |  |  | 80 |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  |  | 70 |  |  | 116.7 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  |  | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |

3. Plot the MC, AFC, AVC and ATC curves.


| Term | Definition | Mathematical <br> Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Explicit costs | Costs that require an outlay of <br> money by the firm | - |
| Implicit costs | Costs that do not require an outlay <br> of money by the firm | - |
| Fixed costs | Costs that do not vary with the <br> quantity of output produced | FC |
| Variable costs | Costs that do vary with the quantity <br> of output produced | VC |
| Total cost | The market value of all the inputs <br> that a firm uses in production | $\mathrm{TC}=\mathrm{FC}+\mathrm{VC}$ |
| Average fixed cost | Fixed costs divided by the quantity <br> of output | $\mathrm{AFC}=\mathrm{FC} / \mathrm{Q}$ |
| Average variable cost | Variable costs divided by the <br> quantity of output | $\mathrm{AVC}=\mathrm{VC} / \mathrm{Q}$ |
| Average total cost | Total cost divided by the quantity of <br> output | $\mathrm{ATC}=\mathrm{TC} / \mathrm{Q}$ |
| Marginal cost | The increase in total cost that arises <br> from an extra unit of production | $\mathrm{MC}=\Delta \mathrm{TC} / \Delta \mathrm{Q}$ |

